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Winter 2011 ► [HST 209 W11 \(Escobar META 32444 34336\)](#) ► [Quizzes](#) ► [Midterm Exam](#) ► [Review of attempt 1](#)

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[Info](#) [Results](#) [Preview](#) [Edit](#)

[Overview](#) [Regrade](#) [Manual grading](#) [Item analysis](#)

Midterm Exam

Review of attempt 1

	Todd Lowry
Started on	Thursday, 10 February 2011, 02:09 PM
Completed on	Thursday, 10 February 2011, 02:52 PM
Time taken	42 mins 50 secs
Marks	74/90
Grade	82.2 out of a maximum of 100 (82%)

 **This midterm exam is worth 25% of your grade in this course. Please take your time, skip tough questions and come back to them later (perhaps a later question will provide you with a hint or reminder). Review your answers before clicking the SUBMIT ALL AND FINISH button at the bottom of the page. You will then see your raw score and percentage grade on this test.**

1 

New Orleans

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

☐

a. with its fine port and huge supply of cotton, was the bulwark of Confederate strength throughout the war. 

☒

b. fell to Admiral David Farragut's fleet and was in Union hands from April 1862. 

☐

c. was the southern city with the greatest pro-Union sentiment. 

☐

d. prevented the North from gaining control of the Mississippi until well after the battle of Vicksburg. 

☐

e. was the scene of the largest battle of the entire Civil War. 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

2 

Antietam was

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. the clear-cut victory that not only made it safe to issue the Emancipation Proclamation but ensured its acceptance by all northerners. ✖
- ☐ b. a gruesome battle in which neither side gained any important military advantage, either during or after the conflict. ✔
- ☐ c. the only major battle of the war in which true tactical skill was on display in both armies. ✖
- ☐ d. yet another battle where the Confederates were clearly victorious, despite being outnumbered by Union forces. ✖
- ☒ e. the most important victory in Ulysses Grant's entire military career. ✖

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Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

3 🗺 The actual peninsula of the Peninsular Campaign was

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. the area of Maryland, encompassing Washington, D.C., that stretched south and along the Potomac River. ✖
- ☒ b. the area between the James and York rivers south of Richmond. ✔
- ☐ c. the high country leading toward Richmond over which it should have been easy for McClellan to take the city. ✖
- ☐ d. a swamp so difficult to cross as to preclude any advance by McClellan. ✖
- ☐ e. the piece of land, with the Chesapeake Bay on one side, and the Atlantic Ocean on the other, that was blockaded by the Union Navy. ✖

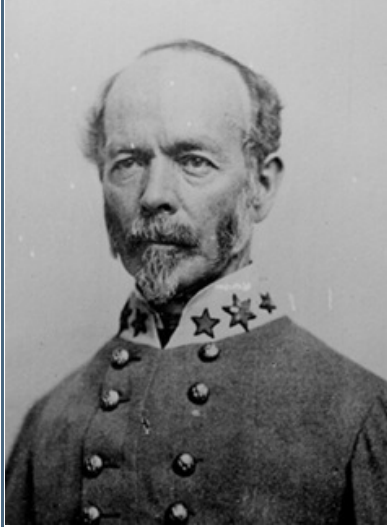
[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

4 🗺 According to Joseph Johnston, initially, on taking command outside Richmond, Robert E. Lee's greatest asset was that

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. unlike himself, Lee had the confidence of Jefferson Davis and his administration. ✓
- ☐ b. he had commanded in the prewar army of the United States and had firsthand understanding of its key officers and their strategies. ✗
- ☐ c. he was fighting in his native Tennessee, whose countryside he knew well. ✗
- ☐ d. his engaging manner appealed to soldiers eager for a leader they could identify with. ✗
- ☐ e. he had already been successful defeating the Union armies at Fort Sumter and Manassas. ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

5 🗣️ John Brown was

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. a leading manufacturer of firearms in New Haven, Connecticut. ✖
- ☒ b. an ardent foe of slavery willing to kill advocates of the institution to further the antislavery cause. ✔
- ☐ c. Abraham Lincoln's first-term vice president. ✖
- ☐ d. a white-haired Virginia fanatic who rallied his neighbors in support of secession. ✖
- ☐ e. revered as a martyr for the southern cause of secession and states rights. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

6 🗣️ The cotton gin was

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. an alcoholic beverage favored by planters in Louisiana. ✖
- ☐ b. a textile industry invention that enabled bolts of cloth to be processed cheaply and quickly, thereby creating a huge demand for cotton. ✖
- ☐ c. a fungus that infected cotton plants, requiring much slave labor to harvest nearly-ripe bolls in a great hurry. ✖
- ☒ d. a machine that enabled cotton to be extracted from its seeds easily and swiftly, making the crop far more profitable. ✔
- ☐ e. the name used to describe the foreign policy of the Confederacy, which was the use of cotton to influence European nations to support their cause. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

7 🗣️ The Confederate States of America consisted of

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. all the slaveholding states. ✖
 - ☐ b. every state with territory south of the Mason-Dixon line. ✖
 - ☒ c. eleven states governed by a constitution closely patterned on the Constitution of the United States. ✔
 - ☐ d. a federation of all of the slaveholding states, formally recognizing states' rights to be the governing principle of the new nation. ✖
 - ☐ e. exactly half of the states that comprised the United States in 1860. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

8 🗣️ Harriet Beecher Stowe

Marks: 1



- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. understood her fellow woman writer, Mary Boykin Chesnut, and was sympathetic to the difficulties a planter's wife faced. ✖
 - ☒ b. wrote one of the world's most influential novels, a book that helped bring about major social reform. ✔
 - ☐ c. was a former slave who risked recapture to help dozens of other slaves escape. ✖
 - ☐ d. was the wife of an overbearing but able antislavery senator from Wisconsin. ✖
 - ☐ e. led the entire Confederate hospital association, providing care to all rebel soldiers. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

9 🗣️ During the battle of Shiloh, Albert Sidney Johnston

Marks: 1

10 🗣️

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. was shot by his own men. ✖️
- ☒ b. was blamed by Jefferson Davis for the defeat at Shiloh. ✖️
- ☐ c. died from loss of blood because he had sent his surgeon to aid a wounded federal soldier and no tourniquet was applied to his wound. ✔️
- ☐ d. was scornful of southern honor and the virtues of southern women. ✖️
- ☐ e. rallied his troops to victory, issuing Ulysses Grant his only defeat of the war. ✖️

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

An abolitionist was a person who

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. thought slavery would gradually disappear. ✖️
- ☐ b. opposed slavery, but also opposed any drastic action that might disrupt the political unity of the nation. ✖️
- ☒ c. demanded an immediate end to slavery. ✔️
- ☐ d. sought to make slavery more tolerable by bringing religion to the slaves. ✖️
- ☐ e. believed that state rights were supreme to the rights of the federal government. ✖️

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

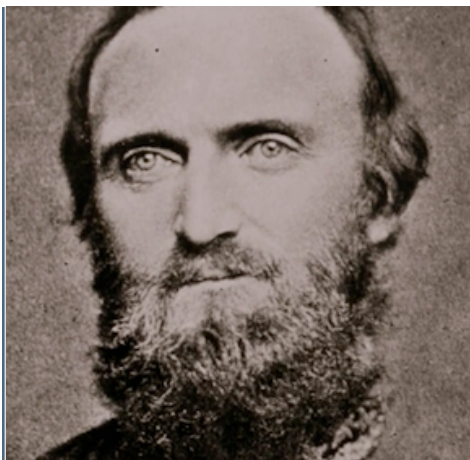
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

11 🗣️ Thomas J. "Stonewall" Jackson can best be described as

Marks: 1

12 🗣️

Marks: 1



- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. a flamboyant champion of southern honor, yet a supporter of abolition. ✖
 - ☒ b. a pious, determined soldier who, despite poor horsemanship and a habit of sucking lemons, was a relentless fighter. ✔
 - ☐ c. one of the greatest of Confederate cavalymen. ✖
 - ☐ d. "our strongest pillar" which, as Abraham Lincoln said when Jackson died, "had been broken." ✖
 - ☐ e. the person most responsible for the Union victory at the First Battle of Bull Run ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

In his first inaugural speech, Abraham Lincoln

- Choose one answer.
- ☒ a. begged his "dissatisfied countrymen" not to start a civil war. ✔
 - ☐ b. declared that if war must come, it must be a crusade against slavery. ✖
 - ☐ c. concluded his comments with the immortal words "with malice toward none, with charity for all." ✖
 - ☐ d. declared that he would defend Fort Sumter at all costs-. ✖
 - ☐ e. abandoned his campaign promises and pledged to compromise with Southerners on any issue they chose. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

13 🗣️ Early in the war, European nations

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. championed the cause of the Union, fully supporting Lincoln's presidency, as the only means for ending slavery. ✖
 - ☒ b. were poised for official diplomatic recognition of the Confederate States of America, but cautiously waited. ✔
 - ☐ c. ignoring slavery, saw the southern rebellion as similar to European nationalist stirrings. ✖

- ☐ d. urged the South to hold cotton off the market in order to force textile mill owners in need of raw materials to champion the Confederate cause. ✖
- ☐ e. supplied the Confederacy so well, that it did not suffer the shortages of war materials and food supplies that the North did. ✖

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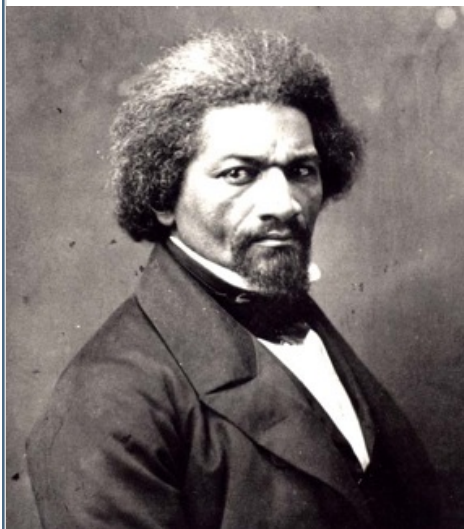
14 🗣️

Marks: 1

Correct
Marks for this

submission: 1/1.

When Frederick Douglass spoke of an "irrepressible conflict," he meant a quarrel that could be ended only when



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. political unity was totally secure. ✖
- ☒ b. slavery was abolished. ✔
- ☐ c. the South was made to confess to the error of its ways. ✖
- ☐ d. the "terrible swift sword" of the Union armies had triumphed. ✖
- ☐ e. an abolitionist was elected President of the United States. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

15 🗣️ On November 7, 1837, long before the Civil War began, Elijah Lovejoy was shot and killed by a mob because he

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. ran an antislavery newspaper in Illinois. ✓
- ☐ b. led a slave uprising in Southampton county, Virginia, in 1831. ✗
- ☐ c. was South Carolina's leading secessionist. ✗
- ☐ d. was a British journalist who traveled in the South and reported on the conditions in which slaves lived. ✗
- ☐ e. was believed to be hiding runaway slaves as an Underground Railroad operator ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

16 🗣️ "Emancipation" meant

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. freedom for all blacks, once the war was won. ✓
- ☐ b. freedom for any slave that served as a soldier, willing to fight for the Union. ✗
- ☐ c. a gradual working-out of the slavery question. ✗
- ☐ d. that white southerners could be assured of a postwar labor force, provided they ceased fighting. ✗
- ☐ e. freedom, citizenship, and the right to vote for all Americans. ✗

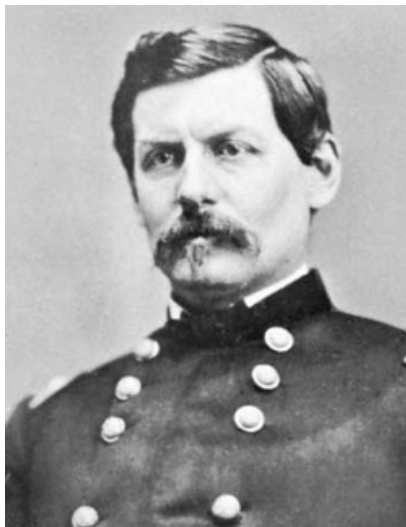
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Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

17 🗣️ When George McClellan wrote to his wife that he had seen the "original gorilla" he was referring to

Marks: 1



answer.

- ☐ a. a powerful animal brought from Africa and, despite the war, displayed to curious crowds at the Smithsonian Institution. ✖
- ☐ b. General Gustav P.T. Beauregard, whom he could see through his telescope when the Confederate general had his headquarters across the Potomac River in the Custis mansion. ✖
- ☒ c. President Abraham Lincoln. ✔
- ☐ d. his Confederate-sympathizing father-in-law. ✖
- ☐ e. his encounter with Robert E. Lee in the Peninsular Campaign. ✖

18 🗣️

Marks: 1

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Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Which of the following men, who kept a diary throughout the war, was not a member of Abraham Lincoln's cabinet:



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. William Henry Seward ✖
- ☒ b. George Templeton Strong ✔
- ☐ c. Salmon P. Chase ✖
- ☐ d. Edwin M. Stanton ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

19 🗣️

Marks: 1

Historian Barbara Fields states: "If a single event caused the war, it was the establishment of the United States ...with slavery still a part of its heritage." The Constitution of the United States recognized this heritage with a clause stating:



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. slavery was a positive good. ✖
- ☐ b. that certain specific northern states should be free, and certain specific southern states slaveholding. ✖
- ☒ c. each slave should be counted as 3/5 of a person when deciding how many seats a state should have in the House of Representatives. ✔
- ☐ d. that there should be no limitation on the importation of slaves. ✖
- ☐ e. that all men had the right to life, liberty, and pursuit of happiness. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

20 🗣️ James Buchanan was

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. so distraught over the secession crisis that he became the first American president to resign the office. ✖
- ☐ b. a morally obtuse president who, not grasping the gravity of the risk of war, turned his attention to foreign affairs. ✖
- ☐ c. a stubborn president, so rigidly antislavery that he was unable to compromise to save the Union. ✖
- ☒ d. the lame duck president from November 1860 until March 1861, who hoped in vain that president-elect Abraham Lincoln would join him in an action to save the Union. ✔
- ☐ e. the only member of the federal government to join the Confederacy before Abraham Lincoln took office. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

21 🗣️ The Confederate Conscription Act was

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. the first military draft in American history. ✔
- ☐ b. a law authorizing calling up slaves to fight for the South. ✖
- ☐ c. a way of building morale by having women work in munitions factories while men were at the front. ✖
- ☐ d. a way of drafting men for the army that demonstrated the remarkable equality of an who fought for the southern cause. ✖
- ☐ e. the official recognition of Jefferson Davis' government by the European powers. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

22 🗣️ When, in the summer of 1862, Abraham Lincoln decided to issue the Emancipation Proclamation, his cabinet responded with

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. immense relief and joy. ✖
- ☒ b. the warning that such an action, unless accompanied by a military victory, would look like an act of desperation. ✔
- ☐ c. a discussion of the problems that would arise during Reconstruction when the nation had to decide how freed slaves would fit into the American society. ✖
- ☐ d. fear that European powers, seeing the move as a last ditch effort to save an already fatally weakened Union, would come into the war on the side of the Confederacy. ✖
- ☐ e. enthusiasm that the President was finally following the lead taken by the Congress. ✖

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Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

23 🗣️ Union General Benjamin Franklin Butler

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. was too lenient towards secessionists in New Orleans that President Lincoln had to remove him from command of the occupying force. ✖
- ☒ b. was so accomodating to black refugees that President Lincoln was forced to amend his attitude towards escaping slaves. ✔
- ☐ c. was so like other generals that General Grant decided that political generals who, like Butler, had not been to West Point, could be trusted. ✖
- ☐ d. was so tolerant of the women volunteers in the hospitals that he is a hero to feminist historians. ✖
- ☐ e. was the first, high-ranking Union soldier to die at the Battle of Shiloh. ✖

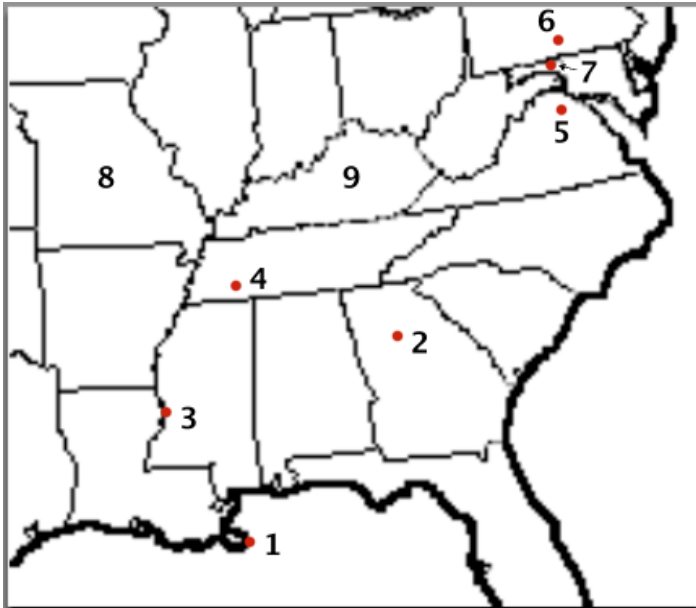
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Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Enter ONLY the numerical number in the box for the following map questions. If the answer could be more than one number, only enter one number as you are directed to by the question. Entering ANY extra information or spelling the number will result in an incorrect answer.

- 24** 🗺 In 1862, this western battle was the bloodiest conflict in all of American history to that point in time, but Union General Ulysses Grant won the victory. Where is Shiloh? Enter the location number in the field below.
- Marks: 1



Answer:

3

✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 4

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

- 25** 🗺 Luckily for Abraham Lincoln and the Union, all of the slave states did not secede from the Union in 1860 and 1861. Three of those border states are numbered on this map. Enter ONLY ONE of the correct location numbers in the field below. DO NOT enter more than one number or your answer will be marked incorrect.
- Marks: 1



Answer:

11

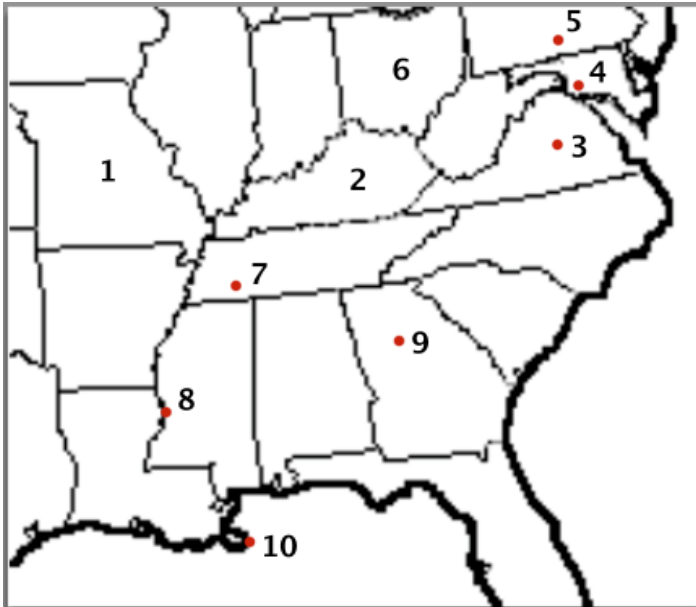


[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

- 26** 🗺 The first Confederate capitol was in Montgomery, Alabama, but Jefferson Davis and the rebels moved it to Richmond, which was much closer to Washington D.C. Where is Richmond? Enter the location number in the field below.
- Marks: 1



Answer:

3

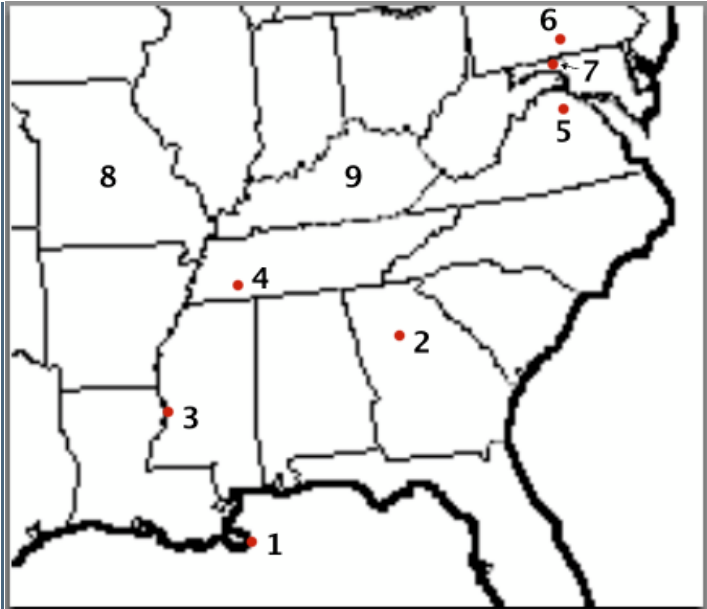


[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

- 27** 🗺 The first significant battle of the Civil War took place at Bull Run, or Manassas as it was called by the Confederates. The Confederates won this battle, successfully routing the Union troops, sending them fleeing back to Washington D.C. Where is Bull Run? Enter the location number in the field below.
- Marks: 1



Answer:

7



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect
Correct answer: 5
Marks for this submission: 0/1.

28 🗺️ This was the first state to secede from the Union prior to Lincoln taking office. Enter the location number in the field below.
Marks: 1



Answer:

5



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

29 🗺️ The First Battle of Manassas

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. was a victory for the North. 🚫
- ☐ b. was a victory for the Union. 🚫

- ☐ c. ended in a stalemate, with neither side gaining a tactical or moral victory. 
- ☒ d. dispelled the notion that the war would soon be over in a brief and bloodless encounter. 
- ☐ e. both answers b and d 

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30 

Marks: 1

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Which "new" state was created and admitted to the Union during the middle of the Civil War in 1863?

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. Iowa 
- ☐ b. Minnesota 
- ☐ c. Wisconsin 
- ☐ d. West Virginia 
- ☒ e. Kansas 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

31  From the northern point of view, the first decisive military operations of 1862 took place

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. in the West. 
- ☐ b. on the Gulf Coast. 
- ☐ c. around Washington, D.C. 
- ☐ d. along the East Coast. 
- ☐ e. in the North. 

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Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

32  All of the following facts about Jefferson Davis are true, EXCEPT which one?

Marks: 1

33 🗣️

Marks: 1



- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. Like Lincoln, he was born in Kentucky, the son of an itinerant farmer. ✖️
 - ☐ b. He had been educated at West Point, and had fought in the Mexican-American War. ✖️
 - ☐ c. Being unanimously elected to the presidency of the Confederacy, unlike Lincoln had been in the Union, he was able to provide strong leadership in a losing cause ✔️
 - ☒ d. He and his wife Verina were friends with Mary Chesnut, the often quoted voice of the southern woman in the Ken Burns Civil War documentary. ✖️
 - ☐ e. As had Robert E. Lee, Davis had faithfully served the United States (in a presidential cabinet position as the Secretary of War), but left when his home state of Mississippi had joined the Confederacy. ✖️

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Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

Which statement about the Battle of Antietam is NOT true?

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. It was the bloodiest, single-day engagement of the war. ✖️
 - ☒ b. It was a clear Confederate victory in their first offensive attack of the war. ✔️
 - ☐ c. The North lost an opportunity to destroy or capture much of Lee's Confederate Army. ✖️
 - ☐ d. It led Lincoln to remove McClellan from command. ✖️
 - ☐ e. The battle took place in Maryland, which was not a Confederate state. ✖️

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

34 🗣️ Following the Union surrender of Fort Sumter,

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. no more slave states left the Union. ✖️

- ☐ b. some slave states decided to remain in the Union. ✓
- ☐ c. President Abraham Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation. ✗
- ☒ d. both a and b ✗
- ☐ e. none of these answers ✗

Make
comment or
override grade

35

Marks: 1

Incorrect
Marks for this
submission: 0/1.

Which statement concerning the economy and economic policy of the North is the LEAST accurate?

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. For the first time the federal government levied an income tax. ✗
- ☒ b. Inflation was a serious problem. ✗
- ☐ c. The war was financed primarily by printing money. ✓
- ☐ d. new national banking system was put in place ✗
- ☐ e. The federal government issued currency not backed by gold or silver. ✗

Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

36 The Confederacy was formed

Marks: 1



Choose one
answer.

- ☒ a. before Lincoln was inaugurated. ✓
- ☐ b. only when all of the slave states had seceded. ✗
- ☐ c. with President Buchanan's blessing. ✗
- ☐ d. in Washington, D.C. ✗
- ☐ e. in accordance with the requirements of the Crittenden Compromise ✗

Make comment or override grade

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

37 🗣️

Marks: 1

As president, Abraham Lincoln

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. asked Congress for a declaration of war against the Confederacy. ✖
 - ☐ b. increased the size of the army without the approval of Congress. ✖
 - ☐ c. proclaimed a naval blockade of the South. ✖
 - ☒ d. only b and c ✔
 - ☐ e. all of the above answers, a, b, and c ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

38 🗣️ When Abraham Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation,

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. it was following a Union military defeat. ✖
 - ☐ b. it freed all slaves in every slaveholding state. ✖
 - ☐ c. it had previously been passed by Congress. ✖
 - ☐ d. all of the above ✖
 - ☒ e. none of the above ✔

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

39 🗣️ President Lincoln's handling of the Fort Sumter crisis included a decision

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☒ a. to send only supplies to the beleaguered fort. ✔
 - ☐ b. to send soldiers to reinforce the troops already stationed at the beleaguered fort. ✖
 - ☐ c. both a and b ✖
 - ☐ d. neither a nor b ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

40 🗣️ Early in the war, the North had all of the following advantages over the South EXCEPT which one?

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. Its population was much larger. ✖

- ☐ b. Its transportation system was better, including many more miles of railroad track. ✖
- ☒ c. It was united in its commitment to the war. ✔
- ☐ d. Its industrial base was stronger. ✖
- ☐ e. It controlled the majority of the nation's bank capital and wealth ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

41 🗣️

Marks: 1

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Union General George McClellan

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. was a superb trainer of soldiers. ✔
- ☐ b. was an aggressive commander in the field of battle. ✖
- ☐ c. both held, and was held in high regard by the Commander-In-Chief ✖
- ☐ d. both a and b ✖
- ☐ e. none of these answers ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

42 🗣️ As Commander-In-Chief, President Lincoln understood that the proper objective of the Union armies was to

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. occupy only certain sections of Southern territory, such as ports and the capitol. ✖
- ☐ b. protect Washington, D.C. ✖
- ☒ c. defeat and destroy Southern armies. ✔
- ☐ d. control Southern ports. ✖
- ☐ e. divide the South between East and West. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

43 🗣️ In 1860, at the time of the secession crisis, President Buchanan's interpretation of Constitutional power informed his belief that

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. no individual state had the constitutional right to secede from the Union. ✖
- ☐ b. the federal government had no authority to use force to stop a state from seceding from the Union. ✖
- ☒ c. both a and b ✔
- ☐ d. neither a nor b ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Marks: 1 The Crittenden Compromise

- Choose one answer.
- ☒ a. called for amending the Constitution, extending the Missouri Compromise Line of 1820, and avoiding an armed conflict between the states. ✓
 - ☐ b. proposed a vote in each state on the matter of continuing slavery. ✗
 - ☐ c. was generally supported by Republicans. ✗
 - ☐ d. required the abandonment of the Missouri Compromise ✗
 - ☐ e. was proposed by a coalition of Northerners and Southerners. ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

45 🗨️ Match the woman with her description.

Marks: 5



She wrote the Battle Hymn of the Republic and was paid \$4 by the Atlantic Monthly

Julia Ward Howe ✓

Former slave who worked on the underground railroad helping slaves escape to freedom in the North

Harriet Tubman ✓

She was directly responsible for reforms in army medicine, as she gathered medical supplies and set up field hospitals on Civil War battlefields

Clara Barton ✓

Abolitionist responsible for writing the best selling book Uncle Tom's Cabin, which, although fiction, depicted the evils of slavery

Harriet Beecher Stowe ✓

South Carolinian noted for writing a diary describing her upper class circles of Southern society during the war

Mary Boykin Chesnut ✓

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 5/5.

46 🗨️ Match the term with its description/definition.

Marks: 6

The right to a fair trial and due process of law, suspended by Lincoln in the North during the war

habeas corpus ✓

47 
Marks: 5

- Term for confiscated weapons of war, but came to be used for all Black slaves freed by Union armies
- Clement Vallandigham became a leader in this new political group which emerged in 1862. They stood for reunion through negotiations with the seceded states.
- The name for a type of hollow, conical lead bullet that was so lethal in the Civil War
- Term used to describe a vehemently secessionist Southerner prior to the start of the war
- A military drafting of soldiers, carried out by both the North and the South as the Civil War lingered on

contrabands

copperheads

minie ball

fi re eater

conscription

Make comment or override grade

Correct
Marks for this submission: 6/6.

Match the man with his description.



- Confederate leader who was accidentally shot by his own men after Chancellorsville and subsequently died, leaving Robert E. Lee "without his right arm"
- President Buchanan's Attorney General and later Lincoln's Secretary of War.
- Confederate cavalry leader who successfully attacked Grant's supply lines in the west, stealing horses, guns, and destroying supplies
- Union Commander given two separate chances by Lincoln to lead the Army of the Potomac to victory, but failed
- Union naval commander who successfully defeated the Confederates at New Orleans

Thomas J. Jackson

Edwin M. Stanton

Nathan Bedford Forrest

George B. McClellan

David Farragut

Make comment or override grade

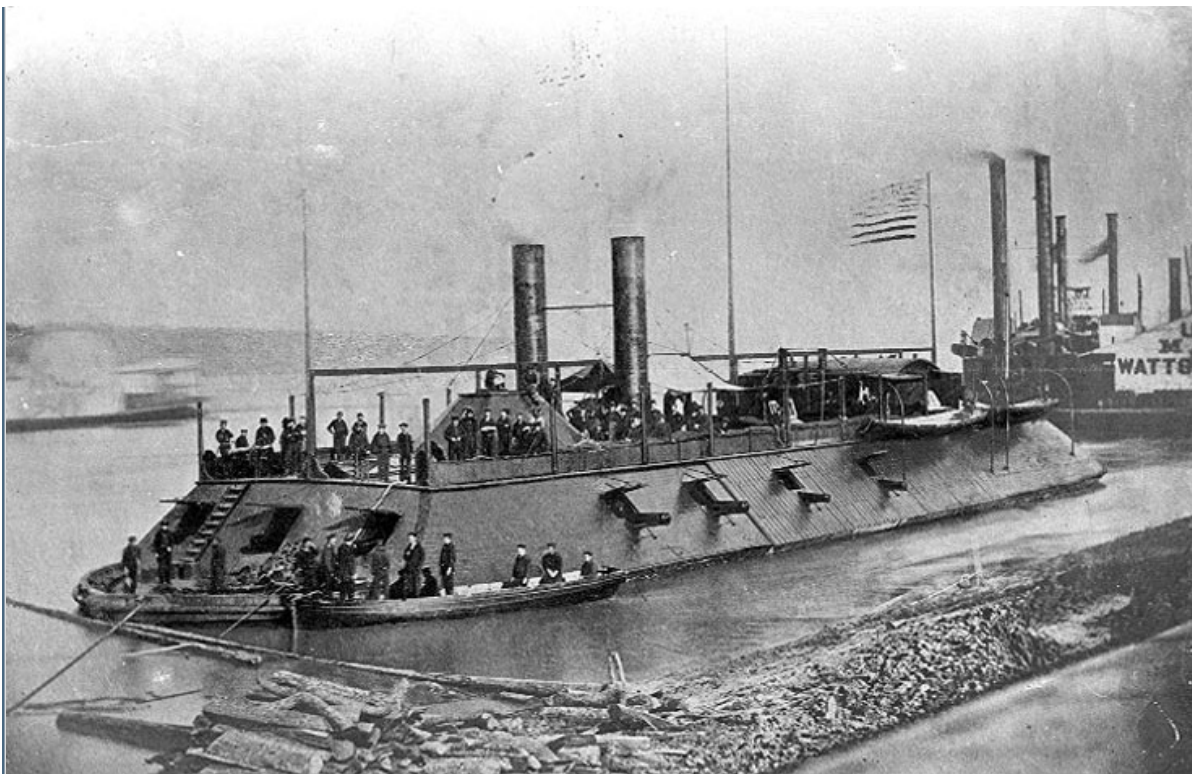
Correct
Marks for this submission: 5/5.

48  In the famous naval battle of 1861, the Northern ship Monitor faced the Southern ironclad, the

Marks: 1

49 🗨

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. Virginia. ✓
- ☐ b. Alabama. ✗
- ☐ c. Carolina. ✗
- ☐ d. Georgia. ✗
- ☐ e. Confederate. ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Suspension of the writ of habeas corpus for all people living between Washington and Philadelphia provides evidence of which of the following?

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. local law enforcement collapsed in many northern states. ✗
- ☐ b. Union generals often usurped presidential power. ✗
- ☐ c. presidential power increased during the Civil War. ✓
- ☐ d. Congressional power increased during the Civil War. ✗
- ☐ e. that all Constitutional protections were upheld by the Lincoln administration during the war. ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

50 🗨

Marks: 1

At the start of the war and during the war, all of the following facts about either the North or the South were true, EXCEPT which one?

answer.

- ☒ a. The South was never able to supply its army sufficiently, with either food or equipment. ✖
- ☐ b. The North had an overwhelming percentage of the industrial capacity of the entire nation in comparison to the South. ✖
- ☐ c. Most of the military colleges in the country were located in the slave states. ✖
- ☐ d. The North was not prepared for a large-scale war, and many of its officers had resigned to go and fight for the Confederacy. ✖
- ☐ e. Each of the above facts are true ✔

51 🗣️

Marks: 1

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

At the beginning of the war, the Confederacy benefited from its

Choose one

answer.

- ☐ a. loyal slaves, many of whom were recruited as soldiers. ✖
- ☐ b. friendly relations with European countries that gave official diplomatic recognition to the "new nation" ✖
- ☐ c. calm and reasonable leaders who created sympathy for "the cause" among Northern conservatives. ✖
- ☒ d. rural traditions of hunting and riding that prepared its population for military activities. ✔
- ☐ e. large numbers of factories. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

52 🗣️ Which statement about Confederate conscription is the LEAST accurate?

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. To win the war rapidly, the Confederacy moved to draft soldiers almost immediately. ✖
- ☐ b. Like their Northern counterparts, Southerners could avoid the draft by hiring a substitute. ✖
- ☐ c. Poor whites were angry enough about their plight to protest Confederate draft policies. ✖
- ☐ d. Owners of a set number of slaves could be exempt from the draft. ✖
- ☒ e. The Confederacy called for the drafting of slaves. ✔

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

53 🗣️ At the Battle of the Seven Days, Confederate armies prevented George McClellan from capturing which vital Southern city?

Marks: 1

Choose one

answer.

- ☐ a. Atlanta ✖
- ☐ b. Charleston ✖
- ☒ c. Richmond ✔
- ☐ d. New Orleans ✖
- ☐ e. Memphis ✖

Correct

54 🗣️

Marks: 1

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Which of the following was one reason the border states were so important to the Union?

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. They would have doubled Confederate manufacturing capabilities had they seceded ✔
- ☐ b. They provided Lincoln with the votes he needed to win the election of 1864 ✖
- ☐ c. They formed an impenetrable defensive shield for the North ✖
- ☐ d. They provided the North with slave labor ✖
- ☐ e. They would have tripled the population of the Confederacy had they seceded ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

55 🗣️

Marks: 1

Which one of the following Union members actions were responsible for eventually influencing Abraham Lincoln to move forward with plans to emancipate slaves?



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. General Benjamin Butler's use of former slaves in New Orleans for the Union cause. ✖

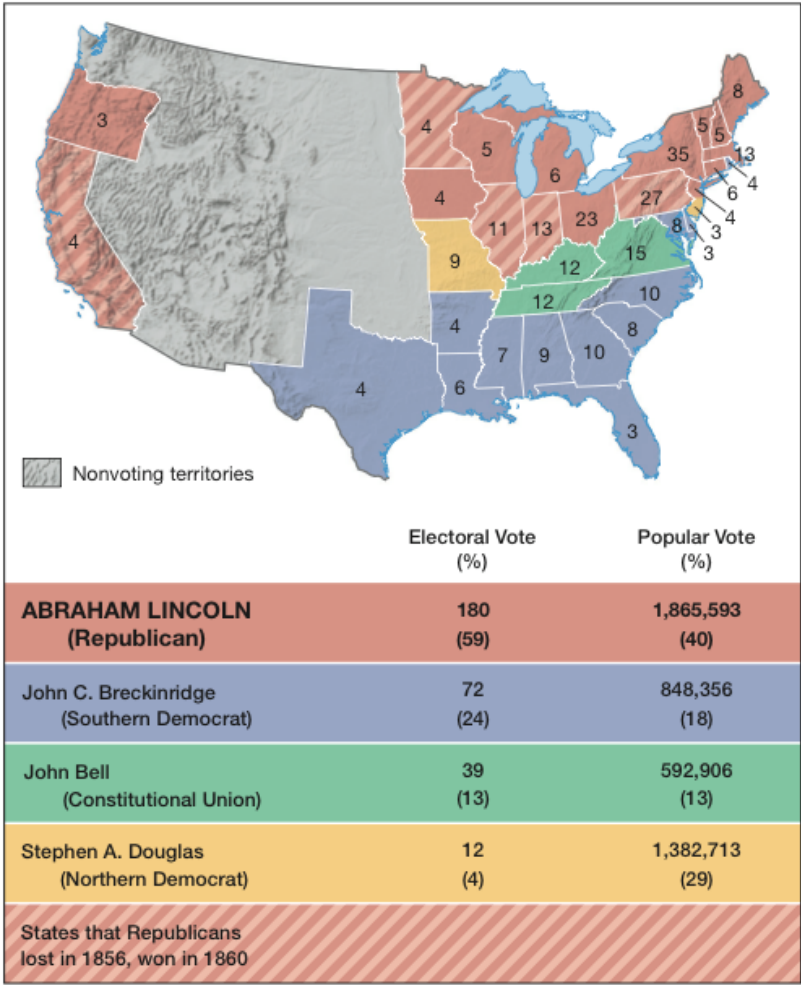
- ☐ b. Union Commander John Fremont's emancipation edict in Kansas in 1861. 
- ☐ c. Former Secretary of War Simon Cameron's quote about rebels forever losing their property, which was to include slaves. 
- ☐ d. The fact that Lincoln's own Secretary of State was William Seward, a staunch abolitionist. 
- ☒ e. all of these individuals and their actions pushed Lincoln towards emancipation 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

56 According to this chart, all of the following were true about the election of 1860 EXCEPT

Marks: 1



- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. It was primarily a sectional election, with no party having a national voter appeal ✖
 - ☐ b. No candidate received a majority of the popular vote ✖
 - ☐ c. Lincoln won more electoral votes than any other candidate, even though he didn't win a single southern state ✖
 - ☐ d. The Democratic Party hadn't split, they would have a majority of the popular votes as well as a majority of the electoral votes ✔
 - ☐ e. The Constitutional Union Party won only slave states and probably siphoned votes away from John Breckinridge ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

57 The Twenty Negro Law

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. replaced the three-fifths rule as the method of counting slaves for representation purposes. ✖

- ☒ b. gave a draft exemption for one white man on each plantation that owned at least twenty slaves. ✓
- ☐ c. provided that no more than twenty Negroes per week could be liberated by the Union Army. ✗
- ☐ d. assigned free blacks and fugitive slaves to white military units in groups of twenty or more. ✗
- ☐ e. required each plantation to sent twenty Negroes to help the army. ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

58 🗣️

Marks: 1

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

According to the theory of secession,

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. each state gave away its fundamental sovereignty and therefore was permanently subject to the Constitution. ✗
- ☐ b. no state could legally withdraw from the union. ✗
- ☒ c. no state had given away its fundamental sovereignty and therefore each could withdraw from the union. ✓
- ☐ d. no state had ever given away its fundamental sovereignty, but each had to recognize the final authority of the federal government. ✗
- ☐ e. secession could only be accomplished if a popular vote were held on the issue. ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

59 🗣️

In mid-1863, the main problem faced by the Confederacy was

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. poor military and governmental leadership. ✗
- ☐ b. low morale. ✗
- ☐ c. threat of slave revolts. ✗
- ☒ d. food shortages and hyperinflation. ✓
- ☐ e. inability to dispatch troops to fight the north directly. ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

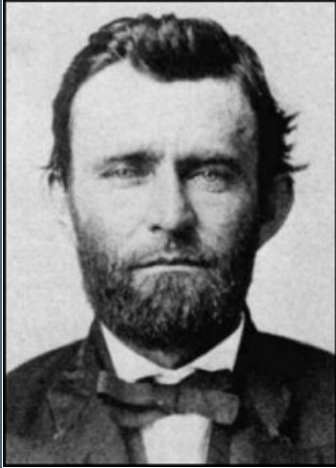
Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

60 🗣️

The reputation of General Ulysses S. Grant was established in 1862

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. because of his brilliant service under McClellan in Virginia. ✖
- ☒ b. with his stirring victories at Forts Donelson and Henry in Tennessee. ✔
- ☐ c. with his important victory at Perryville. ✖
- ☐ d. in defeat, at Bull Run. ✖
- ☐ e. with his victory at Gettysburg. ✖

Correct

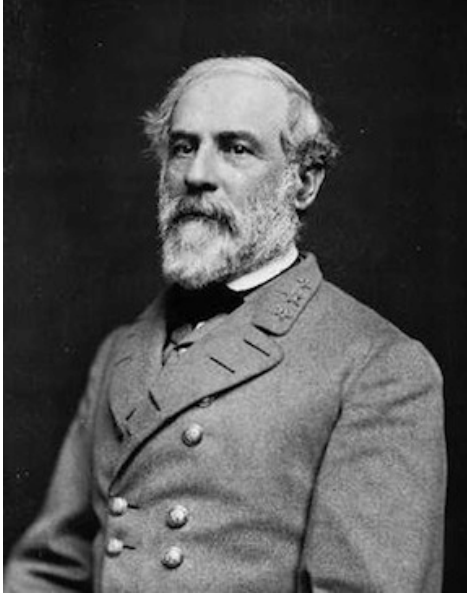
[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

61 🗣️ Robert E. Lee joined the Confederacy because he

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. was offered more money by the Confederacy than he was making in the Union military. ✖
- ☐ b. owned over two hundred slaves and feared that he would be bankrupted if they were freed. ✖
- ☐ c. believed the Southern states had a constitutional right to secede from the Union. ✖
- ☐ d. was anxious to help weaken the North. ✖
- ☒ e. loved his home state of Virginia and could not fight against it. ✔ Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

62 🗣️ The Anaconda Plan was

Marks: 1

63

Marks: 1



Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. Secretary of State William Seward's program for ensuring the loyalty of the Anaconda Indians during the war. ✖
- ☒ b. General Winfield Scott's strategy for encircling and squeezing the South into submission. ✔ Correct
- ☐ c. a congressional design for building dams and flood controls on the Anaconda River. ✖
- ☐ d. the Confederate battle plan for the attack at Bull Run. ✖
- ☐ e. a Union plan for financing the war effort. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

In what area did women make the most visible impact during the war?

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. war industries ✖
- ☐ b. taking control of plantations ✖
- ☐ c. clerical roles ✖
- ☒ d. medicine ✔ Correct
- ☐ e. the arts ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

64 The Union victory at Sharpsburg was significant because

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. It convinced Britain not to forge an alliance with the South ✖

- ☐ b. It gave Lincoln a reason to remove the ineffective commander George McClellan ✖
- ☒ c. It gave Lincoln the "victory" and opportunity to issue the Emancipation Proclamation ✖
- ☐ d. It was the first time the North had driven back an offensive strategy attempted by the Confederacy ✖
- ☐ e. All of the above are reasons the victory was significant ✔

[Make comment or override grade](#)

65 🗨

Marks: 1

Incorrect
Marks for this submission: 0/1.

Prior to the start of the war, groups of politicians and lawmakers were considered "cooperationists". Each of the following describes a course of action that at least some cooperationists recommended after the election of Abraham Lincoln in 1860, EXCEPT

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. Some wanted to have the southern states organized so that they could act in unison, prior to the decision to secede from the Union. ✖
- ☐ b. Some wanted to present a list of demands to Lincoln, and if they weren't met, then they would leave the Union. ✖
- ☐ c. Some of the more conservative cooperationists wanted to see what Lincoln would do after he took office in March, before acting. ✖
- ☒ d. Some offered to relinquish slavery in tobacco growing states, but wanted a guarantee that the federal government would support it in cotton growing states. ✔
- ☐ e. All of the above are accurate descriptions of the demands of the various cooperationist groups. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

66 🗨 The Constitution of the Confederate States of America

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. argued for the sovereignty of the Confederate government over that of the states. ✖
- ☐ b. specifically denied the right of secession. ✖
- ☒ c. guaranteed slavery in both the states and the territories. ✔
- ☐ d. was significantly different from the U.S. Constitution. ✖
- ☐ e. provided for the gradual abolition of slavery. ✖

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

67 🗨 Sea power played an especially important role in the Civil War in the form of the

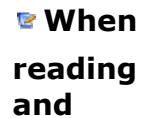
Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. Confederate raids on northern shipping. ✖
- ☐ b. transportation of rebel troops and supplies on steamboats. ✖

- ☐ c. continuous and impenetrable Union blockade of the Confederate coast throughout the entire conflict. ✖
- ☒ d. ironclad ships that appeared during the war. ✔
- ☐ e. appearance of the British navy to help the Union after the Emancipation Proclamation. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

 **When reading and**

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

answering True or False questions, if ANY PART of the statement is false, the answer is false. In order to be true, every statement or fact must be true.

68  The Confederate constitution was almost identical to the Constitution of the United States. And the importance of the Constitution's role in this war cannot be understated, because both sides used the same document to support their position. The Confederacy viewed the document as limiting the power of the federal government, especially the 10th Amendment, reserving all non-enumerated powers to the states. Lincoln, on the other hand, held the belief, like George Washington and Andrew Jackson before him, that no state possessed the right to leave the union. Unlike the government under the Articles of Confederation, the Constitution of 1789 created an undivisible union.

Marks: 1

Answer: ☐ True ✔
☒ False ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect
Marks for this submission: 0/1.

69  In the Civil War, more soldiers died of bullet wounds than from any other cause.

Marks: 1

Answer: ☐ True ✖
☒ False ✔

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

70  One deceptive tactic used by the Confederacy, to compensate for their constant shortages when facing Union troops in battle, was the creation of the Quaker Gun, made out of logs painted black to resemble cannons. Unfortunately for them, this crude hoax never worked. Union Generals such as George McClellan were too well-trained and knowledgeable to ever let themselves be taken in by such a ploy.

Marks: 1

Answer: ☐ True ✖
☒ False ✔

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1/1.

71 🗣️ In the early years of the war, opinions about participation in the conflict were more divided in the North than in the South.

Marks: 1

Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

72 🗣️ Southerners defended their withdrawal from the Union by asserting that the leaders of the American Revolution were also secessionists.

Marks: 1

Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

73 🗣️ It is clear, from all of the sources presented in this course, that Black slaves constituted an overwhelming majority of the population of the Confederate States that had seceded. This explains why they were so reluctant to end the practice and why they defended it at all costs, including war.

Marks: 1

Answer: ☐ True ✗
☒ False ✓

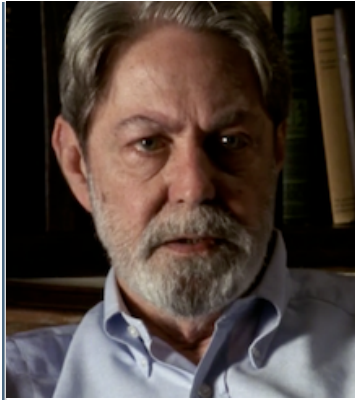
[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

74 🗣️ When Confederate soldiers attacked in battle, they made high-pitched, banshee-like scream which was supposed to strike fear in the hearts of their enemies. According to author Shelby Foote, this was called the Rebel Yell, and we are very fortunate to have many accurate written descriptions of this cry. But unfortunately for us today he claims, we can only make educated guesses as to the noise they created, because we cannot truly know exactly what it sounded like.

Marks: 1



75 🗣️

Marks: 1

Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

Lincoln famously uttered "I hope to have God on my side, but I must have Kentucky." This was not just a flippant comment made by a pandering politician. It is clear that the Tennessee, Cumberland, and Ohio Rivers, and many tributaries, flow through and around the state. This fact, coupled with the Union's heavy reliance on steamboats and water transportation systems, for both troop movement as well as communications and supplies, prove that Lincoln was well aware the importance of geography and in this case, was a well-informed Commander-in-Chief.

Answer: ☐ True ✓
☒ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

76 🗣️

Marks: 1

The South held a significant territorial advantage during the Civil War. It fought a majority of battles within its own Confederate "boundaries", thus giving it the advantage of familiar territory. In addition, the South remained firmly committed to fighting only a defensive, rather than offensive war. As a result of this strategy, they were able to win many battles in the first three years of the war, most of them while they had a smaller number of soldiers than the Union had.

Answer: ☐ True ✗
☒ False ✓

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

77 🗣️

Close to officially recognizing the Confederacy, the main issue that brought Britain

Marks: 1 against the South was slavery itself. Englishmen had already ended slavery in their own country in 1833, and prided themselves in their role in suppressing the transatlantic slave trade. In addition, the Union victory at Antietam made Britain wary of joining to help a losing side in a civil war.

Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

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