

Name & Date: _____

Terms

popular sovereignty
executive branch (of government)— <i>give a general definition— the part of government which is mainly responsible for making sure laws are enforced, for introducing ideas for new laws, and for leading relationships with other governments/nations. Governors and presidents are executives.</i>
legislative branch (of government)— <i>give a general definition—</i>
judiciary branch (of government)— <i>give a general definition—</i>
bill of rights
unicameral
bicameral
Articles of Confederation
emancipation (use a dictionary, if necessary) –
manumission (use a dictionary, if necessary) –
Republican Motherhood –
Northwest Ordinance (1787)
Shays’s Rebellion (Daniel Shays)
Constitutional convention
Virginia Plan

New Jersey Plan
Connecticut Compromise
Federalists / Federalist Papers
Anti-Federalists
elastic clause (we will do in class) –
supremacy clause (we will do in class) –
federalism (we will do in class) –

Questions

1. List 2-3 major factors or characteristics made the new state governments and their constitutions different, even unique, compared to governments in England and the rest of the world.

2. List 3-4 major issues of disagreement among the states when drafting the Articles of Confederation in order to form a new national government. During what years did national government formed by the Articles of Confederation govern?

Years of Confederation Congress:

(the national gov't under the Articles of Confederation)
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Major issues:

3. Why did each of the following groups join the British side during the Revolutionary War? Did doing so help or hurt them?

White colonists / loyalists –

Blacks –

eastern Native Americans (many, but not all, joined the British side) –

4. List some of the major difficulties that the English and the American revolutionaries faced by the last years of the Revolutionary War (c. 1779-1780)? List at least two items for each side.

American Revolutionaries	English

5. How did the war reshape American society in each of the following areas?

Slavery & African Americans' lives?

Women?

7. List two (2) of the primary causes of Shays's Rebellion.

8. What were the major points of disagreement between the Federalists and Anti-Federalists?

Federalists	Anti-Federalists

Refer to AMSCO if necessary:

1. List at least three (3) crucial factors that allowed the American revolutionaries to win:

2. List three (3) of the major terms of the Treaty of Paris (end of the war, 1783):