

HST 201: History of United States F11 (Escobar META 21154 21155)

You are logged in as **Joe Escobar** (Logout)**Classes** ► **HST 201 F11 (Escobar META 21154 21155)** ► **Quizzes** ► **Final Exam** ► **Review of attempt 1**[Update this Quiz](#)[Info](#) [Results](#) [Preview](#) [Edit](#)[Overview](#) [Regrade](#) [Manual grading](#) [Item analysis](#)**Final Exam****Review of attempt 1**

	Matthew Rice
Started on	Monday, 5 December 2011, 12:49 PM
Completed on	Monday, 5 December 2011, 01:22 PM
Time taken	32 mins 59 secs
Marks	63/93
Grade	67.7 out of a maximum of 100 (68%)

 **Please take your time and review your answers before you submit your exam by clicking the SUBMIT ALL AND FINISH button at the bottom of this page.**

There are no “trick” questions. When I give you dates and figures, they are generally correct. The determination of whether an answer is wrong or right will not depend, for example, on the date being 1803 or 1812. However, if the question or answer states federalist or anti-federalist or strict or loose interpretation of the Constitution, that is a VERY BIG difference, and you are responsible to know that.

1  Farm labor in post-revolutionary America saw

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☒ a. women increasingly do the field work.  Incorrect
 - ☐ b. the sickle as the principal harvest tool. 
 - ☐ c. work carefully divided by sex. 
 - ☐ d. hoes replace ploughs as the primary tool for cultivation. 
 - ☐ e. Thomas Jefferson advocate an American adoption of the French peasant labor system. 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

2  The central government under the Articles of Confederation raised money by

Marks: 1
Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. enacting a national sales tax. ✖
- ☒ b. passing import/export tariffs. ✖
- ☐ c. attacking British merchant ships. ✖
- ☐ d. imposing an income tax. ✖
- ☐ e. requisitioning funds and printing currency. ✔

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

3 🗨

After 1790, the responsibilities for running American farm households in the North

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☒ a. fell more exclusively on women. ✔
- ☐ b. decreased. ✖
- ☐ c. were mostly given to the older children. ✖
- ☐ d. were turned over to servants. ✖
- ☐ e. were equally shared by all family members. ✖

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

4 🗨

The Connecticut Compromise of the Constitution

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. defined the status of slaves for taxation purposes. ✖
- ☐ b. was proposed by Alexander Hamilton. ✖
- ☐ c. created the Bill of Rights. ✖
- ☐ d. established proportional representation in one house and state equality in the other. ✔
- ☒ e. determined how slaves were to be counted. ✖

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

5 🗨

In the court case ____, the Supreme Court ruled that only the Supreme Court itself could declare acts of Congress to be unconstitutional.

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. Gibbons v. Ogden ✖
- ☐ b. Dartmouth v. Woodward ✖
- ☐ c. Brown v. Board of Education ✖
- ☐ d. McCulloch v. Maryland ✖

☒ e. Marbury v. Madison ✓

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

6 🗣️

The development of the Cotton Belt was made possible by

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. Federalists. ✗
- ☐ b. Whigs. ✗
- ☒ c. Jeffersonian Republicans. ✓
- ☐ d. Democrats. ✗
- ☐ e. the Spanish. ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

7 🗣️

Thousands of southern yeomen left slave states and moved north to the free states because they felt

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☒ a. that slavery was morally evil. ✗
- ☐ b. that slavery blocked opportunities for poor whites. ✓
- ☐ c. that the land was better. ✗
- ☐ d. uncomfortable living among so many slaves. ✗
- ☐ e. that slaves would rise up and kill all of the whites. ✗

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

8 🗣️

All of the following statements regarding Thomas Jefferson are true except he

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. kept a slave as a mistress. ✗
- ☐ b. sold slaves as punishment. ✗
- ☐ c. believed free whites and blacks could live together ✓
- ☒ d. insisted that slavery was wrong. ✗
- ☐ e. gave away slaves as gifts. ✗

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

9 Which of the following accurately contrasts the views of Hamilton and Jefferson?

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☒ a. Hamilton wanted to expand federal power; Jefferson wanted to limit it. Correct
 - ☐ b. Hamilton protected the interests of working-class citizens; Jefferson protected the wealthy planters and merchants.
 - ☐ c. Hamilton's support came from the South and West; Jefferson's from the Northeast.
 - ☐ d. Hamilton patterned his program after the French model; Jefferson copied the English system.
 - ☐ e. Hamilton upheld the ideals of the Revolution; Jefferson emphasized the need for law and order.

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

10 During the Revolutionary War, most Indian tribes

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☒ a. remained neutral. Incorrect
 - ☐ b. sided with the revolutionaries.
 - ☐ c. sided with the British.
 - ☐ d. split down the middle.
 - ☐ e. sided with the Spanish.

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

11 Which of the following is not true about the Whiskey Rebellion?

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. It was fought over the tax on whiskey.
 - ☐ b. It was quelled by Washington and twelve thousand militia men.
 - ☒ c. It was centered in rural New York. Correct
 - ☐ d. It was seen as a challenge to the power of the federal government.
 - ☐ e. President Washington pardoned the rebels.

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

12 Compared to long-staple cotton, short-staple cotton was

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. more delicate.
 - ☐

- b. only cultivated on the Sea Islands. ✖
- ☒ c. unprofitable before the 1790s. ✔
- ☐ d. easy to process by hand. ✖
- ☐ e. all of the above. ✖

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

13 🗣️ All of the following were true of northern farmers after 1790 except

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. they ate most of what they grew. ✖
- ☒ b. they traded with their neighbors. ✖
- ☐ c. they sent surplus products to outside markets. ✖
- ☐ d. they generally raised only one variety of animal or plant. ✔
- ☐ e. they profited from world markets without becoming dependent on them. ✖

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

14 🗣️ Each of the following was a part of the Hamiltonian Plan except

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. a national bank. ✖
- ☐ b. a tariff. ✖
- ☐ c. funding of the debt. ✖
- ☒ d. building a turnpike. ✔
- ☐ e. assuming state debts. ✖

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

15 🗣️ In his Farewell Address, George Washington

Marks: 1

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. encouraged healthy sectional rivalry. ✖
- ☐ b. denounced the actions of the French Republic. ✖
- ☐ c. obligated the United States to support antimonarchical revolutions in the Western Hemisphere. ✖
- ☐ d. encouraged the development of political parties. ✖
- ☒ e. warned against entangling foreign alliances and partisan domestic politics. ✔

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

16 🗣️ Between 1820 and 1870 the industrial revolution affected the United States as

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. old seaports experienced a slow decline in population. ✖
- ☐ b. commercial agriculture became less important. ✖
- ☐ c. international trade became far more valuable than the domestic market. ✖
- ☒ d. cities grew faster than ever before or since. ✔
- ☐ e. older, more established urban areas grew faster than new cities. ✖

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

17 🗣️ The Alien and Sedition Acts contained each of the following except

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. an extension of the naturalization period for immigrants. ✖
- ☐ b. a provision that allowed the president to deport aliens deemed dangerous to the United States. ✖
- ☐ c. a provision allowing the states to nullify federal laws. ✔
- ☐ d. a provision setting jail terms for those who spoke "maliciously" against the president. ✖
- ☐ e. a provision setting jail terms and fines for those who advocated disobedience to federal law. ✖

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

18 🗣️ In the mid-nineteenth century, new female housework responsibilities included

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. spinning yarn and weaving textiles for the family's clothing. ✖
- ☐ b. less time spent in child supervision and individualized care. ✖
- ☐ c. cash-producing activities such as candle making and cheese production. ✖
- ☐ d. less time spent on planting flower beds and cleaning furniture. ✖
- ☐ e. more time spent washing, sewing, and ironing. ✔

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

19 🗣️ The most important outcome of the Battle of Saratoga was that

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. the French entered the war on the side of the colonies. ✓
- ☐ b. it ended the war in North America. ✗
- ☐ c. it led to Washington's election as commander in chief. ✗
- ☐ d. it brought an end to the British ministry that was waging the war. ✗
- ☐ e. the Spanish entered the war on the side of the colonies. ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

20 🗣️ In the peace treaty that ended the American Revolution,

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. New Englanders lost fishing rights off the Coast of Newfoundland. ✗
- ☐ b. the English retained their forts in the Ohio territory. ✗
- ☐ c. France acquired Florida. ✗
- ☒ d. the Mississippi River was recognized as the western boundary of the United States. ✓
- ☐ e. the Appalachian Mountains were recognized as the western boundary of the United States. ✗

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

21 🗣️ The Erie Canal

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. bankrupted the state of New York. ✗
- ☐ b. replaced the New York Central railroad as the major means of transportation in the Northeast. ✗
- ☐ c. opened the interior of New York and transformed the frontier into a prosperous commercial area. ✓
- ☐ d. had little impact on the economy of the Northeast. ✗
- ☐ e. made fortunes for its developers without the state deriving any real benefit. ✗

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

22 🗣️ Many slaves earned their freedom during the Revolutionary War

Marks: 1 Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. by fighting for the British. ✖
- ☒ b. by running away. ✖
- ☐ c. by fighting for the Americans. ✖
- ☐ d. through court decisions and legislative actions. ✖
- ☐ e. all of the above. ✔

Incorrect

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

23 🗣️ The purpose of the excise tax on whiskey was to

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. prevent a political uprising in the west. ✖
- ☐ b. cut down on alcohol consumption in the United States. ✖
- ☒ c. establish the federal government's right to pass and collect internal taxes. ✔ Correct
- ☐ d. drive the small independent whiskey producers out of business. ✖
- ☐ e. solidify support for the Republican party. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

24 🗣️ In the cotton belt, planters

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. moved away from the task system. ✔
- ☐ b. generally permitted slaves to keep small gardens. ✖
- ☐ c. had less control over their slaves than in the Chesapeake. ✖
- ☐ d. sought to diversify their agriculture. ✖
- ☐ e. worked their slaves less than did coastal planters. ✖

Correct

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.



Map Questions

Enter **ONLY** the number (no # signs or spaces) in the box provided. Each question requires only one number for its answer. Do not enter multiple numbers.

25

The Treaty of Greenville 1795 was signed after the indian resistance was crushed in an effort by the new federal government to provide protection to western settlers. In what state was the Battle of Fallen Timbers?

Marks: 1



Answer:

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

26

War hawks in 1812 came from southern and western states. One such leader was Henry Clay, who came from this slaveholding, western state.

Marks: 1



Answer:

4

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

27

Marks: 1

The Pinckney Treaty of 1796 with Spain gave Americans navigation rights through the mouth of the Mississippi River in New Orleans and set a favorable boundary for this state. The Adams-Onís Treaty added this state to the United States in 1819.



Answer:

7



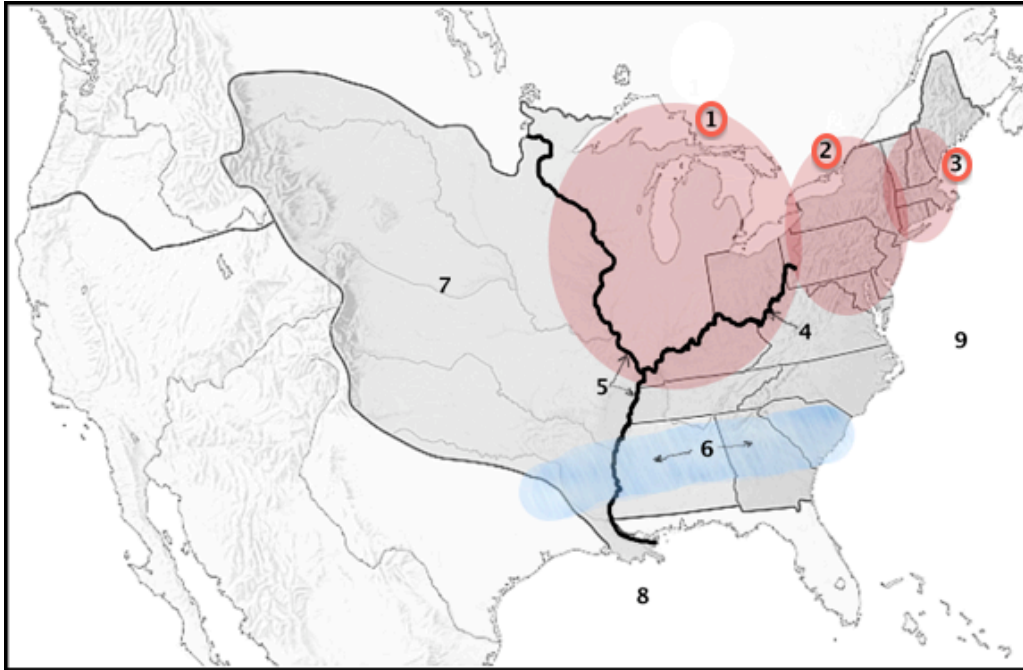
[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

28 🇺🇸 President Thomas Jefferson purchased this territory from France in 1803 for \$15 million.

Marks: 1



Answer:

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

29 🇺🇸 Francis Cabot Lowell was an American businessman in the textile industry. By using female labor in his heavily mechanized mills, he could pay them less than men and because the jobs were only temporary, he did not have to contend with striking workers. In which state did Lowell establish his business in 1814?

Marks: 1



Answer:

10

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 8

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

30

Rice farming used slave labor in what was called the "lowcountry" and it produced the richest Americans prior to and during the Revolutionary War. In what state did these "rice kings" live?

Marks: 1



Answer:

3



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

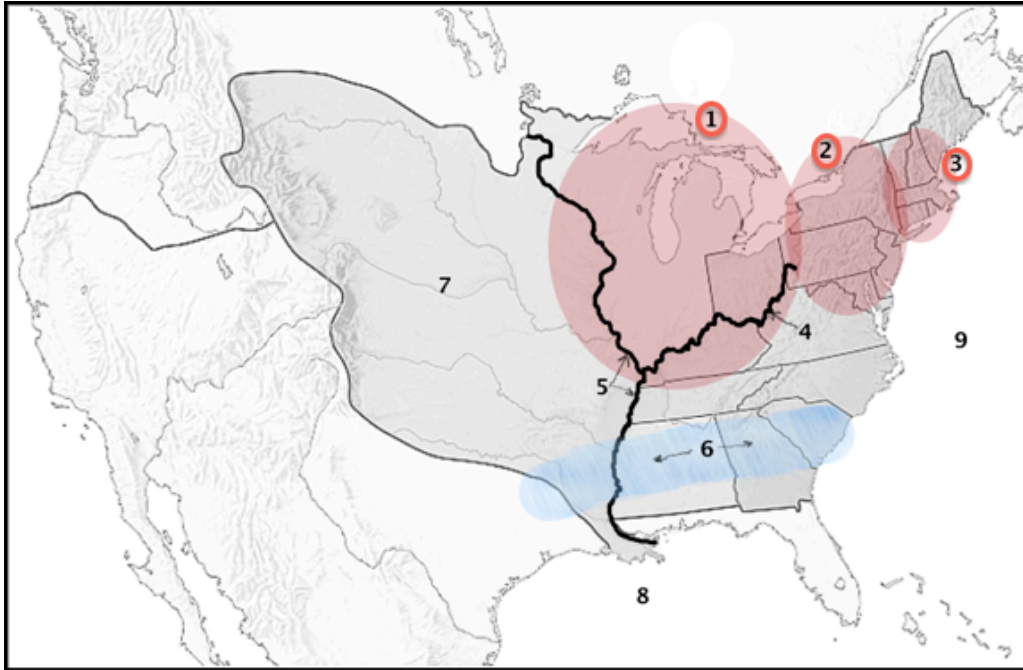
Correct answer: 6

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

31

Marks: 1

In northern farming before 1812, this region had historically been the "bread basket" for the country, growing most of the wheat and other grains consumed by the growing city populations. Where is this region of the country?



Answer:

1

X

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

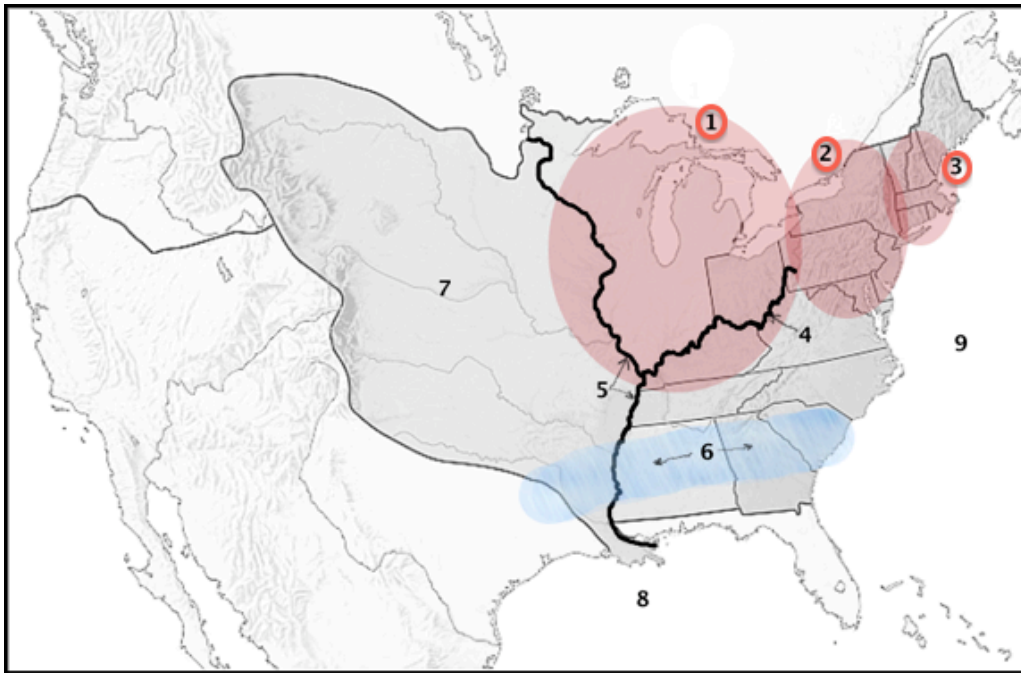
Correct answer: 2

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

32

Marks: 1

Before the invention of the steamboat and canals in the 1820's, it was cheaper for Ohio farmers to send their goods New York City, following this route on the map (4 to 8 to 9) than it was to simply go overland, directly eastward over the Appalachian Mountains.



Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

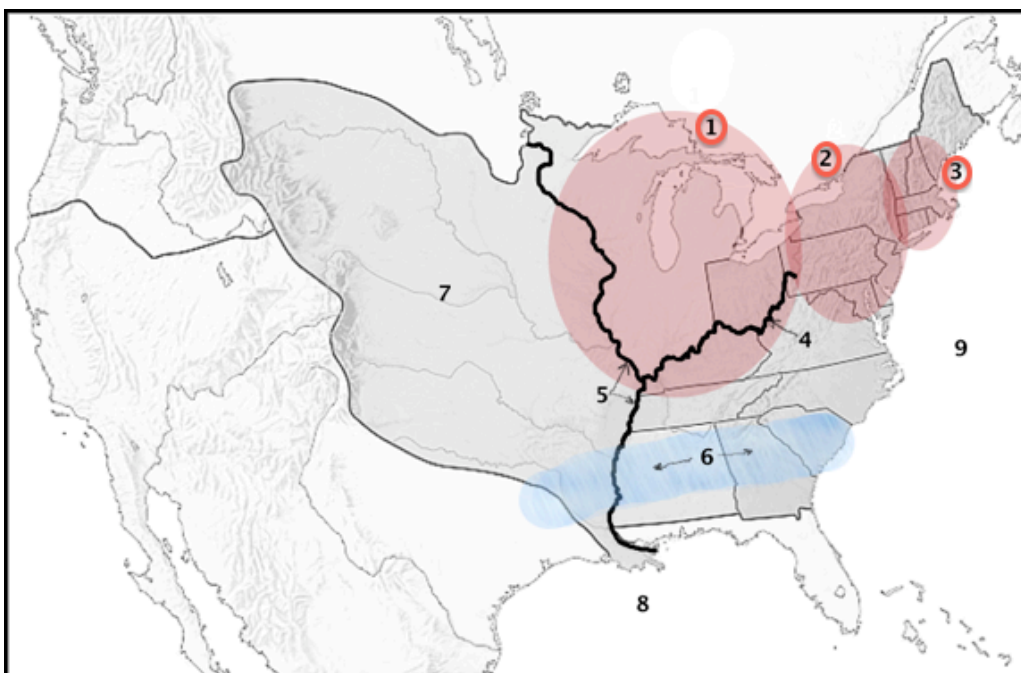
Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

33

Marks: 1

The Louisiana Purchase can also be described as the Trans-Mississippi West. The Mississippi had been the western boundary of the United States after the War for Independence. Which number marks the location of this river?



Answer:

5

[Make comment or override grade](#)

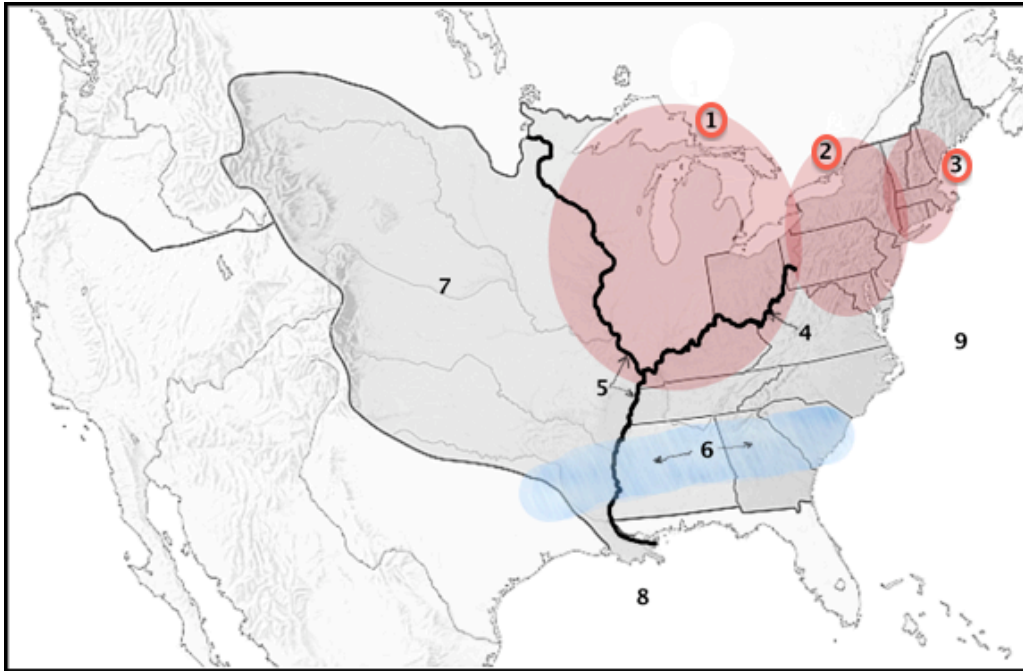
Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

34

Marks: 1

The market revolution occurred in the United States following the War of 1812 because of development in farming and transportation in this specific region of the country. Farmer produce from this western region, with the aid of rivers and canals transformed the nation. Which number on the map represents this region?



Answer:

1

[Make comment or override grade](#)

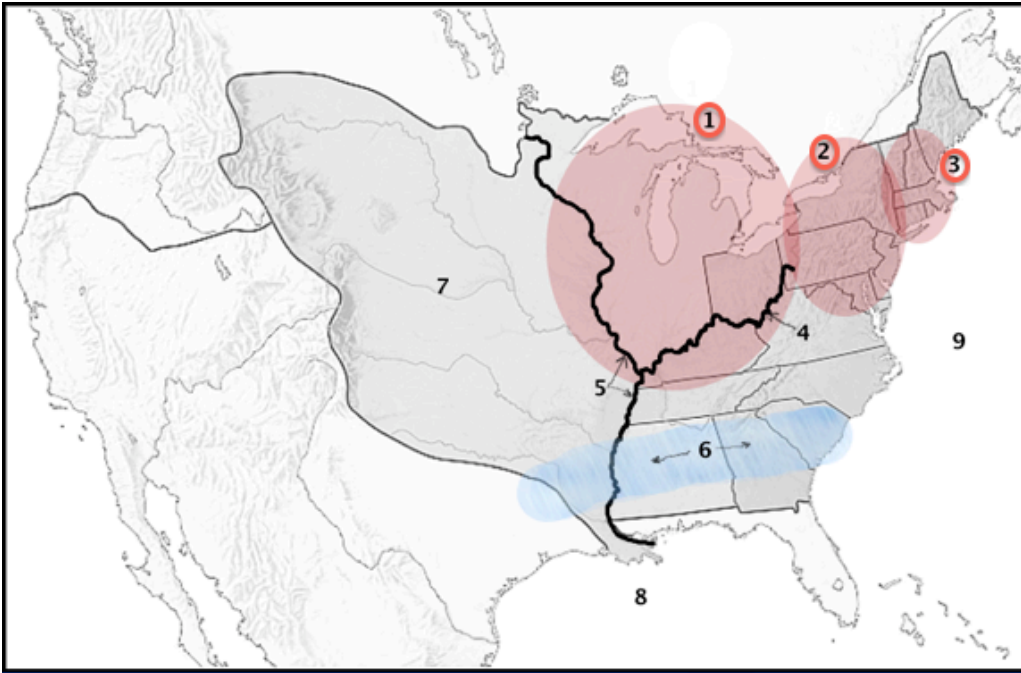
Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

35

Marks: 1

The invention of the cotton gin gave American farmers a new cash crop, but it had other consequences as well. Where is the Cotton Belt located?



Answer:

6



Make comment or override grade

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

36

George Washington's domestic policies, especially the excise tax on whiskey, promoted by Alexander Hamilton, brought about a crisis with western farmers in this state.

Marks: 1



Answer:

5



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 2

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

37

Match the description on the left with a person from the drop down menu on the right. (The photos are in no particular order.)

Marks: 7



A Mohawk Indian and British ally during the American War for Independence

Daniel Shays



African American leader of a slave revolt in Virginia in 1831 which resulted in the deaths of first whites and then, in retaliation, blacks

Nat Turner



Leader of a Massachusetts debtor's rebellion in the period following the end of the Revolutionary War, but before the creation of a strong federal government under the Constitution

Joseph Brant



A brilliant, ambitious, aggressive, arrogant economist who became the first Secretary of the Treasury during the Washington administration.

Alexander Hamilton



A Prussian military officer who helped George Washington transform the unorganized Continental Army into an effective fighting force during the Revolutionary War

Friedrich Wilhelm von Steuben



A former federalist, considered the Father of the Constitution and the principal author of the Bill of Rights, who eventually became a Democratic-Republican.

James Madison



From Britain, he built the first power-driven spinning mill in the United States and is often called the Father of the American Factory System

Samuel Slater



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Partially correct

Marks for this submission: 5/7.

38

Match the description on the left with a person from the drop down menu on the right. (The photos are in no particular order.)

Marks: 7



A Shawnee Indian leader who was killed at the Battle of the Thames during the War of 1812

Tecumseh



The Lewis and Clark expedition was partly guided by this Shoshone Indian

Sacajawea



In the early republic, the federal government sent this military leader to secure the Northwest for American settlers by defeating the Native Americans at the Battle of Fallen Timbers

Andrew Jackson



A John Adams' "midnight appointment", this Supreme Court Chief Justice was interested in establishing the independence and interpretative powers of the federal judiciary

John Marshall



Since the British Army suffered terrible losses in this battle, this man became known as the hero of the Battle of New Orleans, making the War of 1812 seem like an American victory

Anthony Wayne



The inventor of the cotton gin who has sometimes been referred to as helping to cause the American Civil war in 1861, long after he died in 1824

Eli Whitney



He wrote the poem during the battle of Fort McHenry in the War of 1812 that eventually became the Star Spangled Banner

Francis Scott Key



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Partially correct

Marks for this submission: 5/7.

39



All of the following terms have been correctly used over our historical time period to refer to the same political party. Which one of these terms is NOT correct and does not belong in the list below?

Marks: 1

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. Republicans
- ☐ b. Democratic Republicans
- ☒ c. Federalists
- ☐ d. Jeffersonian Republicans
- ☐ e. Democrats

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

40



All of the following issues, related to the federal government, were supported by the winners in the political "Revolution of 1800" EXCEPT

Marks: 1

- Choose one
- ☐ a. Defense of the Bill of Rights

answer.

- ☒ b. Frugality in spending and lowering the national debt ✖
- ☐ c. Democratic Republicans control legislative and executive branches ✖
- ☐ d. Supportive of an urban-based citizenry ✔
- ☐ e. Pro-French in foreign relations ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

41 🗣️

Marks: 1

All of the following are examples of Thomas Jefferson's strict interpretation of the Constitution and his "cleansing" and "downsizing" of the federal government, EXCEPT

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. He replaced incompetent officeholders ✖
- ☐ b. He reduced the size of the army and navy ✖
- ☐ c. He repealed the 1798 federal property tax ✖
- ☐ d. He repealed the Alien and Sedition Acts and issued pardons ✖
- ☒ e. He purchased the Louisiana Territory from France ✔

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

42 🗣️

Marks: 1

All of the following terms concern the topic of power and the federal government. All of them are similar and correctly grouped together, EXCEPT one. Which one does not belong on this list with the others?

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. Article 1 Section 8 - "necessary and proper" ✖
- ☒ b. 10th Amendment ✔
- ☐ c. "elastic clause" ✖
- ☐ d. loose constructionism ✖
- ☐ e. Federalist desire for a strong central government ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

43 🗣️

Marks: 1

The federal government under the Articles of Confederations had significant weaknesses. All of the following were considered failures of that government EXCEPT

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. Congress couldn't pay its debts to foreign countries, individual states, or even citizens. ✖
- ☐ b. Even after the Revolution, it failed to expel British from the western territories. ✖
- ☐

- ☐ c. It could not defeat the Indians in the Ohio Valley. ✖
- ☐ d. It passed the Northwest Ordinance to organize the West and admit new states to the Union. ✔
- ☒ e. It struggled in dealing with debtors grievances such as Shays Rebellion in Massachusetts. ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

44 🗣️

Marks: 1

In order to quell the people's fears that the aftermath of the presidential election of 1800 would bring about bloodshed, similar to that of the French Revolution, who said the following? "Every difference of opinion is not a difference of principle. We have called by different names brethren of the same principle. We are all Republicans, we are all Federalists."

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. George Washington at his Farewell Address ✖
- ☒ b. Thomas Jefferson at his inauguration in 1801 ✔
- ☐ c. John Adams upon passage of the Alien and Sedition Acts ✖
- ☐ d. Alexander Hamilton in his first report as Secretary of the Treasury ✖
- ☐ e. James Madison during the War of 1812 ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

45 🗣️

Marks: 1

Which of the following provisions was NOT included in the Treaty of Paris in 1783?

Choose one
answer.

- ☐ a. The Mississippi River would now be the western boundary of the United States ✖
- ☐ b. Fishing rights of coast of New Foundland were preserved for New England fisherman ✖
- ☐ c. All prewar transatlantic debts would be considered "null and void" ✔
- ☐ d. Congress would urge states to return confiscated loyalist property ✖
- ☒ e. Remaining British troops would vacate their occupation of the frontier in the Northwest Territory ✖

[Make comment or override grade](#)

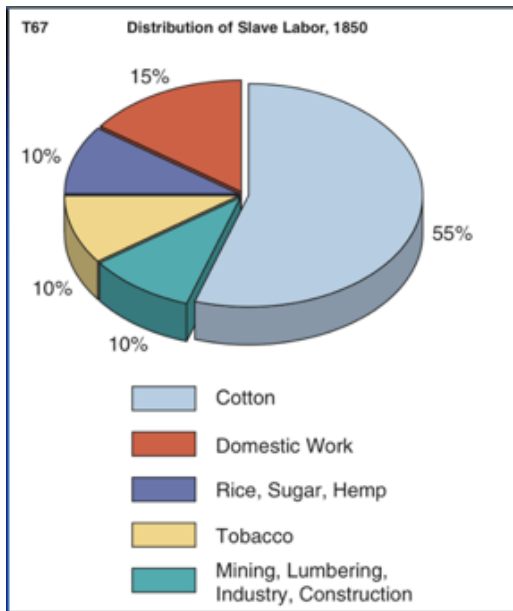
Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

46 🗣️

Marks: 1

This data in this chart supports all of the following statements EXCEPT



Choose one answer.

- ☒ a. A majority of slaves in 1850, worked in the cotton industry in some form or another. ✖
- ☐ b. Tobacco, once requiring a major source of slave labor, had declined to needing only 10% of the slave workforce. ✖
- ☐ c. Only 1 in 10 slaves continued to work under the "task system" in the Lowcountry rice farms. ✖
- ☐ d. Second to the cotton industry, more slaves worked at domestic work than any other category. ✖
- ☐ e. All of these statements are supported by the data in this chart. ✔

Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

47

Marks: 1

All of the following are principles, terms, events, and people involved with the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions crisis (1788-9) that was a reaction against the Alien and Sedition Acts. All of the following items belong together on the same side of the issue EXCEPT one. Which one does not belong?

Choose one answer.

- ☐ a. supremacy of the federal government ✔
- ☐ b. Thomas Jefferson and strict constructionism ✖
- ☐ c. 10th Amendment to the Constitution ✖
- ☐ d. nullification of federal law ✖
- ☒ e. James Madison and strict interpretation ✖
- ☐ f. supremacy of states rights ✖

Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

48 🗣️ All of the following methods were used to encourage Continental Army discipline and enlistments EXCEPT

Marks: 1

- Choose one answer.
- ☐ a. Raising the number of lashes administered for punishment of unruly soldiers ✖
 - ☒ b. Cash bonuses offered for those men who enlisted for a term of three years ✖
 - ☐ c. Land bounties given to those soldiers who would serve for the duration of the war ✖
 - ☐ d. After the British used the tactic in the South, some black slaves were offered their freedom in exchange for service in Washington's Army ✖
 - ☐ e. George Washington came to rely only on the Continental Army and actually turned away state militias who offered to join the cause ✔

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

49 🗣️ Match the description on the left with a term from the drop down menu on the right.

Marks: 7

Name used to describe a group of Democratic-Republicans in Congress who forcefully advocated war with Great Britain in 1812

war hawks



Term used to describe paper money, especially Continental dollars, which lost value and in some cases became quite worthless during and immediately after the Revolutionary War

peaceable coercion



Term used to describe a governmental system in which the people are the supreme source of all power

popular sovereignty



Historical name used to describe the trans-Atlantic slave trade before it was officially ended in 1808

Middle Passage



Term used to describe the Embargo Act (1807) and the Non-Intercourse Act (1809) which involved U.S. shipping with foreign countries

peaceable coercion



The Bill of Rights provision which guarantees the freedom of speech, press, and religion

First Amendment



The political party that formed around the ideas advocated by Washington and Hamilton in the 1790s

Federalist



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Partially correct

Marks for this submission: 6/7.

50 🗣️ Match the description on the left with a term from the drop down menu on the right.

Marks: 7

According to the first Congress under the new Constitution, this was to be the new government of the United State's chief source of income

import tariff



Invention which made commercial agriculture in the Northwest feasible

steamboat



Term to describe former artisans who were losing their independent status during the period from 1790 to 1815

wage laborers ✓

A two-house legislature adopted by many states and eventually the federal government of the United States

bicameral ✓

Prior to the outbreak of the War of 1812, the Chesapeake-Leopard Affair in 1807 was a notable example of this maritime grievance.

impressment ✓

The official method by which government officials, especially judges who are appointed for life, can be removed from their jobs

impeachment ✓

An early 19th Century idea where the United States would become self-sufficient through internal trade and production and an integrated market economy

American System ✓

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 7/7.



True and False Questions

When reading and answering these True or False questions, if **ANY PART** of the statement is false, the answer is false. In order to be true, every statement or fact must be true.

51 Regardless of the "victory" at Lexington and Concord in 1775, the beginning of hostilities found the colonies generally unprepared for war.
Marks: 1

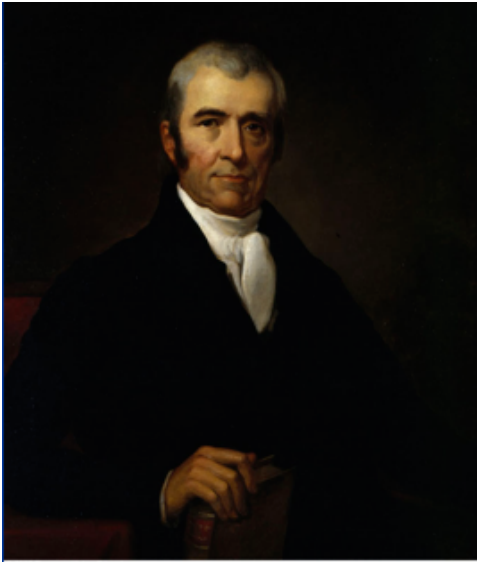
Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

52 In another constitutional issue between your textbook and instructor, your textbook claims that Supreme Court John Marshall was a Federalist and loose constructionist from Virginia. But your instructor claims that his ruling in Marbury v. Madison, where Marshall did something that was not specifically written or stated in the Constitution, makes him a strict constructionist. What makes Marshall unique is that he is a Federalist and a strict interpreter of the Constitution, which is very unlike other Federalists such as Alexander Hamilton.
Marks: 1



Answer: ☐ True 
☒ False 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

53 

Marks: 1

According to all of the materials presented in class regarding Valley Forge, large discrepancies exist in the accounts concerning Washington's prayer vigil. Moreover, according to your instructor, it seems probable that there would be some regional (Eugene, OR vs. Valley Forge, PA) conflicting opinions over having elementary school children march with replica muskets while taking tours of this historic site.



Answer: ☒ True 
☐ False 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

54 🗣️

Marks: 1

John Burgoyne and Horation Gates met at the Battle of Yorktown, which was the last battle of the Revolutionary War. Burgoyne and his entire British Army were surrounded, defeated, and surrendered in 1788.



Answer:

☐ True ✖️☒ False ✔️[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

55 🗣️

Marks: 1

On the road to the War of 1812, most Americans regarded England as a greater violator of American neutral rights on the high seas than it did France. Much of this view was because the British had the stronger navy.

Answer:

☒ True ✔️☐ False ✖️[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

56 🗣️

Marks: 1

The Democratic Party of today is indeed the nation's oldest political party, dating back to Thomas Jefferson, regardless of whether they choose to include that information on the section of their website dedicated to the history of party.

Answer:

☒ True ✔️☐ False ✖️[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

57 🗣️

Marks: 1

According to the video, these two Americans, separated by two centuries, would be in complete agreement with one another when it comes to the seriousness of economic debt.



Answer:

☐ True ✖️☒ False ✔️[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

58 🗣️

Marks: 1

Nearly half of the Amendments that comprise the Bill of Rights have to do with a citizen's rights when they are in conflict with the legal system, such as searches, bail, and punishments. This is certainly indicative of fears that the former colonists had against the creation of a central government that was too strong or one which could abuse its power. It clearly reveals a desire to have their newly won liberties protected against encroachment.

Answer:

☒ True ✔️☐ False ✖️[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

59 🗣️

Marks: 1

The video clip, a story read by the instructor in class, and the textbook included differing interpretations of President John Adams and Matthew Lyon, the man with the fireplace tongs, pictured in this cartoon. Regardless of the interpretation, the federal legislation in question are the Alien and Sedition Acts and results of its enforcement.



Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

60 🇺🇸

Marks: 1

The Virginia Plan and the New Jersey Plan, concerning the establishment of a new federal government, were quite different, but each plan saw fit to give each state equal representation in the new Congress.

Answer: ☒ True ✗
☐ False ✓

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

61 🇺🇸

Marks: 1

The Louisiana Purchase was carried out without either a constitutional amendment or an act of Congress.

Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

62 🗣️

Marks: 1

The 1790 Census revealed that 94% of Americans lived in rural areas such as farms and villages, and that only 6% lived in urban centers, towns with populations of 2,500 or more. These figures help explain the growing power base of the Democratic Republican Party of Thomas Jefferson, who supported the idea of an agrarian republic. It is also a paradox, as the textbook noted, that this rural development brought about the market economy and industrial revolution in the United States, which led to the rapid growth of cities in this period.

Answer: ☒ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

63 🗣️

Marks: 1

France may have been an American ally during the Revolutionary War, but it did not provide the Americans with significant amounts of money or munitions.

Answer: ☐ True ✗
☒ False ✓

[Make comment or override grade](#)

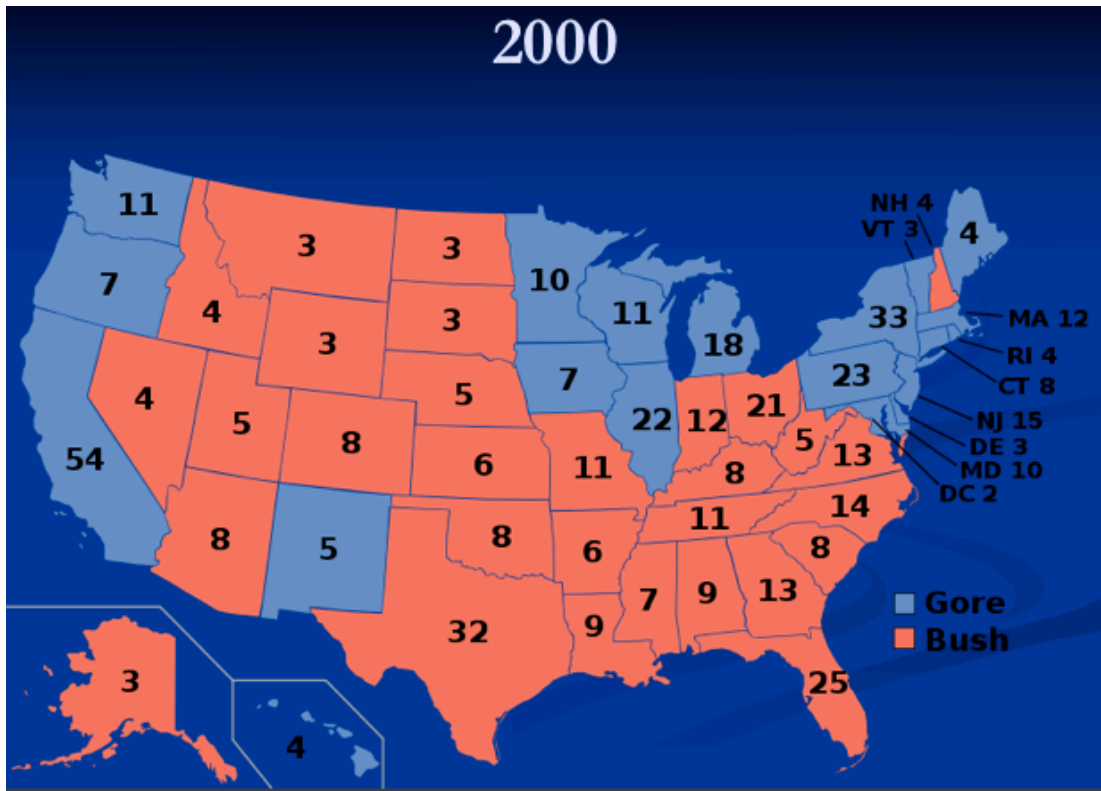
Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

64 🗣️

Marks: 1

In this Presidential Election map from 2000, we can see that the Republican Party of George Bush clearly dominated in the southern states. Over 200 years ago, the Democratic Republican Party of Thomas Jefferson also presided over its power base in the slaveholding southern states where cotton and slavery dominated the landscape. It just goes to show you that not much changes in a political party over a 200 year period.



Answer: ☐ True ✗
☐ False ✓

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

65

Whether you agree or not with the politics of the owner of this lawn sign, he or she is clearly knowledgeable (and correct) about the first and second Amendments to the Constitution.

Marks: 1



Answer: ☐ True ✓
☐ False ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

66 🗣️ Rebels and Redcoats: How Britain Lost America

Marks: 1

The statistics cited by the British documentary video on the American Revolution were not in complete agreement with those in our textbook. Moreover, the disagreements in data in the video almost always resulted in a more positive or less negative view of the British participation in the conflict. This is yet another example to support your instructor's belief that it is extremely important to discover the bias or point of view present in the historical sources you are using to determine the truth about the past.

Answer: ☐ True ✓☒ False ✗[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

67 🗣️ Here is a direct quote from your textbook, page 268.

Marks: 1

"Madison, a committed nationalist, had performed skillfully. Many doubters at the ratifying conventions had called for amendments that would change the government detailed in the Constitution. By channeling their fears into the area of civil liberties, Madison soothed their mistrust while preserving the government of the Constitution. The Bill of Rights was an important guarantee of individual liberties. In the context in which it was written and ratified, however, it

was an even more important guarantee of the power of the national government."

Your instructor agreed with your textbook authors that the Bill of Rights had the effect of increasing, rather than limiting, the powers of the federal government.

Answer: ☒ True 
☐ False 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

68  The American Revolution and its political aftermath did little to change the official, legal status of American women.

Marks: 1

Answer: ☒ True 
☐ False 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

69  According to the data/figures presented in class, at some point there were as many colonists serving in Loyalist military units as George Washington had in his entire Continental Army during the American War for Independence

Marks: 1

Answer: ☒ True 
☐ False 

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1/1.

 [Moodle Docs for this page](#)

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HST 201 F11 (Escobar META 21154 21155)

